

## LINEAR EQUATION

### WORKSHEET – A

- Q1. Fifteen less than 4 times a number is 9. Find the number.
- Q2. 28 is 12 less than 4 times a number. Find the number.
- Q3. Fifteen more than 3 times Neetu's age is the same as 4 times her age. How old is she?
- Q4. A's salary is the same as 4 times B's salary. If together they earn ₹ 3,750 a month, find the salary of each.
- Q5. Six more than one-fourth of a number is two-fifth of the number. Find the number.
- Q6. The length of a rectangle is twice its width. If its perimeter is 54 cm, find its length.
- Q7. The sum of three consecutive odd numbers is 57. Find the numbers.
- Q8. A man's age is three times that of his son, and in twelve years he will be twice as old as his son would be. What are their present ages.
- Q9. The difference of two numbers is 3 and the difference of their squares is 69. Find the numbers.
- Q10. If the same number be added to the numbers 5, 11, 15 and 31, the resulting numbers are in proportion. Find the number.

## ANSWERS

1. Let the required number be  $x$   
4 times the number =  $4x$   
15 less than 4 times the number =  $4x - 15$   
According to the statement:  
 $4x - 15 = 9$   
 $\Rightarrow 4x = 9 + 15$   
 $\Rightarrow 4x = 24$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 6$
2. Let the required number be  $x$   
4 times the number =  $4x$   
12 less than 4 times the number =  $4x - 12$   
According to the statement  
 $4x - 12 = 28$   
 $\Rightarrow 4x = 28 + 12$   
 $\Rightarrow 4x = 40$   
 $x = 10$   
Required number = 10
3. Let Neetu's age =  $x$  years  
3 times Neetu's age =  $3x$  years  
Fifteen more than 3 times Neetu's age =  $(3x + 15)$  years  
4 times Neetu's age =  $4x$   
 $4x = 3x + 15$   
 $\Rightarrow 4x - 3x = 15$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 15$   
Neetu's age = 15 years
4. Let B's salary = Rs  $x$   
A's salary = RS  $4x$   
According to the statement:  
 $x + 4x = 3750/-$   
 $\Rightarrow 5x = 3750/-$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 750/-$   
 $4x = 750 \times 4 = 3000/-$   
A's salary = Rs 3000/-  
B's salary = RS 750/-

5. Let the required number =  $x$   
 $\therefore$  One – fourth of the number =  $\frac{x}{4}$

Two – fifth of the number =  $\frac{2x}{5}$

According to the statement:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2x}{5} &= 6 + \frac{x}{4} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{2x}{5} - \frac{x}{4} &= \frac{6}{1} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{2x}{5} \times 20 - \frac{x}{4} \times 20 &= 6 \times 20\end{aligned}$$

[Multiplying each term by 20 because  
 L.C.M. of 5, 4, and 1 = 20]

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow 8x - 5x &= 120 \\ \Rightarrow 3x &= 120 \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{120}{3}\end{aligned}$$

Required number = 40

$x = 40$

6. Let width of the rectangle =  $x$  cm  
 Length of the rectangle =  $2x$  cm  
 Perimeter of the rectangle =  $2$  [Length + Width] =  $2$  [ $2 \times x$ ] =  $2 \times 3x = 6x$  cm  
 $6x = 54$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 17$

7. Let the three consecutive odd numbers be  $x, x + 2, x + 4$ .

$$\begin{aligned}x + x + 2 + x + 4 &= 57 \\ \Rightarrow x + x + x &= 57 - 2 - 4 \\ \Rightarrow 3x &= 51 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 17\end{aligned}$$

Three consecutive odd numbers are 17, 19, 21

8. Let present age of the son =  $x$  years  
 Present age of the man =  $3x$  years  
 In 12 years:  
 Son's age will be =  $(x + 12)$  years  
 The man's age will be =  $(3x + 12)$  years  
 According to the statement:  
 $3x + 12 = 2(x + 12)$   
 $\Rightarrow 3x + 12 = 3x + 24$   
 $\Rightarrow 3x - 2x = 24 - 12$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 12$   
 $3x = 3 \times 12 = 36$

Hence, present age of the man = 36 years  
Present age of the son = 12 years

9. Let one number =  $x$   
Second number =  $x + 3$  [Difference of two numbers is 3]  
According to the statement:

$$\begin{aligned}(x + 3)^2 - (x)^2 &= 69 \\ \Rightarrow (x)^2 + (3)^2 + 2 \times x \times 3 - x^2 &= 69 \\ \Rightarrow 6x &= 69 - 9\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x = 60$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow x &= \frac{60}{6} \\ \Rightarrow x &= 10\end{aligned}$$

One number = 10  
Second number =  $x + 3 = 10 + 3 = 13$

10. Let  $x$  be added to each number, then the numbers will be  
 $5 + x$ ,  $11 + x$ ,  $15 + x$  and  $31 + x$   
According to the condition

$$\frac{5 + x}{11 + x} = \frac{15 + x}{31 + x}$$

By cross multiplication,

$$\begin{aligned}(5 + x)(31 + x) &= (15 + x)(11 + x) \\ \Rightarrow 155 + 5x + 31x + x^2 &= 165 + 11x + 15x + x^2 \\ \Rightarrow 155 + 36x + x^2 &= 165 + 26x + x^2 \\ \Rightarrow 36x + x^2 - 26x - x^2 - 165 - 155 & \\ \Rightarrow 10x &= 10 \Rightarrow x = \frac{10}{10} = 1\end{aligned}$$

The required value is 1